Statement

The Inter-Departmental Committee set up to study the various aspects of the establishment of the Cable TV Networks and Dish Antennae Systems in the country and to make suitable recommendations submitted its Report to the Government on Feb., 21, 1991 for appropriate action.

In accordance with the existing instructions, a dish antenna for receiving TV signals direct from a satellite can be established only after obtaining a licence from the Ministry of Communications. The facility is required to be used for receiving TV programmes from Indian Satellite only.

Doordarshan offers to its viewers programmes on a wide range of themes and it is doubtful whether "video magazines" can in the long run successfully compete with Doordarshan. It is nevertheless Doordarshan's constant endeavour to improve its programme formet so as to sustain the interest of its viewers.

SHRI KAPIL VERMA: Sir, what are themain recommendations of the Committee?

SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAKRAVARTY: Sir, I must be heard. (*Interruptions*).

MR. CHAIRMAN: Nothing will go on record. You cannot do like this. I am not permitting you and nothing will go on record. Whatever she has said will not go on record. Answer the question, Mr. Sahay... (*Interruptions*)... He puts the question from all sides. Mr. Dinesh Goswami is also from your side. He belongs to your party also.

श्री सुबोध कान्त सहाय : महोदय, एक कमेटी रेकोमेंडेशन 21 फरवरी को हमारे पास आई है, जिसमें उन्होंने केवल न्यूज नेटवर्क और डिश एन्टेना के बारे में एक अपना लेजिस्लेशन बनाने के लिए भी कहा है।

यही नहीं, उन्होंने कहा है, क्योंकि डिश एन्टेना का परमिशन कम्युनिकेशन मिनिस्ट्री के द्वारा दिया जाता है, उनसे भी अपनी राय लेकर एक ज्वाइंट राय बनाने की कोशिश के लिए उन्होंने कहा है।

उन्होंने कहा है कि पब्लिक एजिटेशन के लिए.... (व्यवधान)

MR. CHAIRMAN: Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Issue of shares by Maruti Udyog Ltd. to its employees

*124. SHRI PASUMPON THA. KIRUTTINAN.
SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Maruti Udyog Ltd. has decided to issue shares to its employees;

(b) if so, what are the salient features of this scheme; and

(c) whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Bureau of Public Enterprises to introduce this scheme in other public sector undertakings; if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE (SHRI KAMAL MORARKA): (a) and (b) The employees of Maruti Udyog Ltd. (MUL)) can buy shares indirectly by subscribing to the Maruti Udyog Ltd. Employees Mutual Benefit Fund (Trust), which would use these funds to buy Maruti shares from Government and can also invest in stocks, bonds etc. of MUL or any of its subsidiaries, associated or designated Companies. The salient features of the Trust are as under:—

(i) The main object of the scheme is to provide benefits of the growth of

*Not recorded.

the Company to Maruti employees These employees who subscribe to the mutual fund will be able to indirectly own Maruti equity shares and derive the twin benefits of capital appreciation as well as yearly returns on investment.

(ii) Regular employees of MUL who voluntarily contribute to the Trust will be the beneficiaries.

(iii) Each beneficiary may, during each financial year, contribute to the Trust a sum not exceeding 1/6th of his annual Pay plus DA.

(iv) The bneficiary certificates will have a face value of Rs. 100 each. However, the price at which they will be issued/accepted for surrender from year to year will be decided by the Trust based on the net worth of the Trust at the end of the relative previous financial year. A statement of Income and expenditure of the Trust shall be prepared at the end of each financial year and the net earnings of Trust shall be distributed amongst the beneficiaries pro rata to the contribution and the period during which the amount remained with the Trust during the year.

(v) The Beneficiary Certificate can be purchased from the Trust from year to year; similarly beneficiary certificates can also be sold to the Trust by the employee from year to year. No sale of beneficiary Certificates will take place from 1st April each year upto the date of fixation of the new price of the Beneficiary Certificates relevant for that year.

(vi) In the first year i.e. 1990-91 the price per beneficiary certificate will be Rs. 100/-. From 1991-92 onwards, the price per Beneficiary Certificate will be fixed for each year by dividing the net asset value of the fund at the end of the previous financial year by the total number of beneficiary certificates actually available with the beneficiaries as at the end of the same financial year. The beneficiary certificates shall be available in lots of 5,10,50 or 100 and no transaction in odd lots will be possible.

(vii) A beneficiary can surrender his certificates to the Trust and get refund there against at the price decided for that year. For this purpose he may surrender one or more of the beneficiary certificates with him to the Trust alongwith an application for refund.

(viii) An employee automatically ceases to be a beneficiary on ceasing to be an employee or on retirement or death while in service. A full time Director ceases to be beneficiary on completion of his term of Office unless reappointed. In the event of death the payment will be made to the legal heirs/ nominees of the beneficiary. In all cases the beneficiary certificate should be surrendered only to the Trust for payment.

(ix) The Trust is being managed by 10 Trustees of which one has been nominated by Government and 9 have been nominated by the Board of Directors of Mul. Of these 9 one is the Chairman, 4 represent L1—L7 which includes President and the General Secretary of the Maruti Udyog Employees Union (i.e. Workmen category) and 4 represent L8 and above (Supervisory & Executive category).

(x) The Trustees shall invest the funds received by them from time to time from the beneficiaries in the shares, stocks, debentures, bonds or other financial instruments that may be issued from time to time by MUL or any o its subsidiaries, associated companies or designated companies.

(xi) The Trustees shall, at the end of each year, distribute to the beneficiaries the net earnings in proportion to the number and period of beneficiary certificate(s) as held by the beneficiary during the year.

(xii) The trustees shall pay to the beneficiary within one month from the date of surrender of the beneficiary certificates, the value of the certificates calculated at the applicable rate relevant on the date of surrender of the certificate. In addition, the trustees shall also pay a bonus as below:

No. of years for which the beneficiary certificate(s) has/have been continuously held by the beneficiary.	Rate of bonus on the amount payable on the beneficiary certificates surrendered.
10 years & above upto 15 yrs.	5%
15 years & above upto 20 yrs.	10%
20 yrs. & above	15%

(c) No Sir.

Militants in Kashmir

*126. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Kashmiri militants are enjoying complete freedom of movement and plan their operations and remain impenetrable by the security forces so far; and

(b) what action Government have taken to prevent the militant activities and large scale inflow of weapons in Jammu and Kashmir from Pakistan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI SUBODH KANT SAHAY): (a) and (b) The Government have taken a number of administrative measures to contain terrorist|secessionist activities and inflow of weapons from across the border which include better border-management, beefing up of the intelligence set-up.

The security forces are relentlessly exercising pressure on the terrorists, secessionists and subversives and are engaged in intercepting infiltration and exfiltration, neutralising terrorist gangs and recovering huge quantities of arms and lethal weapons. Over 550 terrorists|secessionists were killed and 4,900 apprehended during the year 1990 and upto 15th February, 1991. Over 1,400 AK rifles; 90 Machine guns; 2,700 Handgrenades; 580 Rockets and RLs and 2,00,000 rounds of ammunition etc. have been recovered.

Rocket attack on J & K Assembly

*127. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM:
SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a rocket attack on Jammu and Kashmir Assembly has been reported in a section of the press;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the damage caused as a result thereof;

(c) whether Indian border with Pakistan has been sealed long ago;

(d) if so, how was it possible for the terrorists to launch such attacks;

(e) whether Government have taken any further steps to avoid occurance of such incidents in future; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI SUBODH KANT SAHAY): (a) and (b) The attack was made on the C.R.P.F. post at the old Assembly hall on 4th February, 1991 at about 1300 hrs. The damage was minimal.